

# KASTAMONU

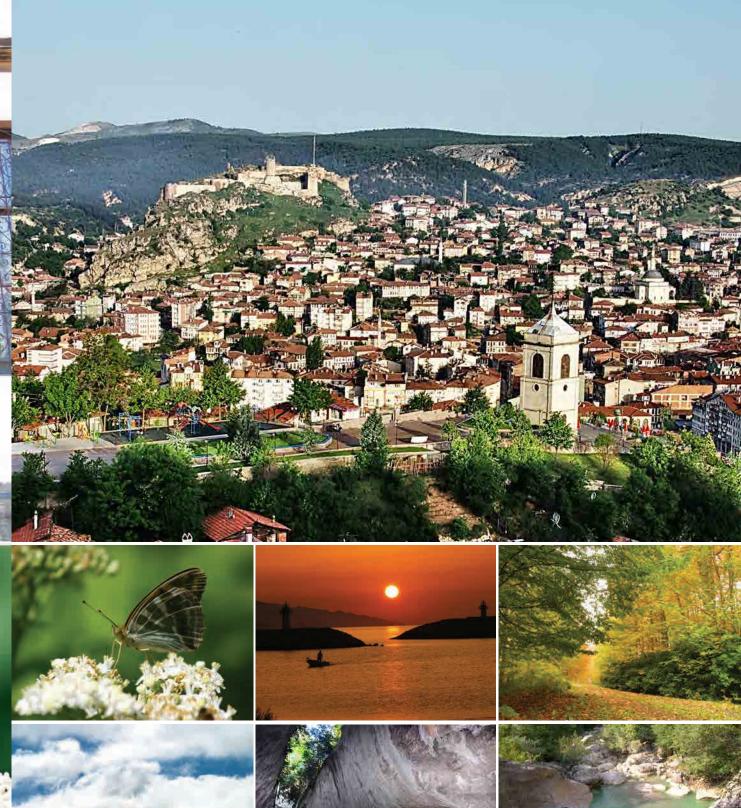












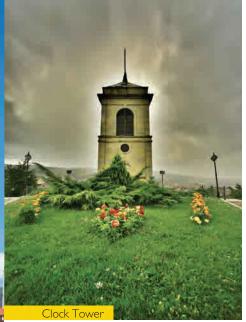




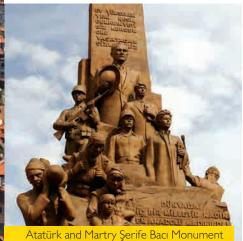
astamonu is a long standing city on the western Black Sea region which has been settled throughout the history and has protected its past and its natural beauties from the every shade of green to the infinity of blue.

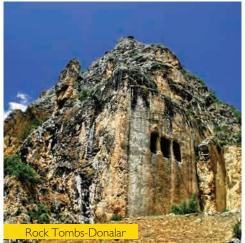
Kastamonu is a city which has been divided by the Kure and Ilgaz Mountains' valleys and a city of the sea, mountains, forests and valleys that have been leaning to Central Anatolia with Devrez Valley surpassing Ilgaz mountains and its coolness that has been reaching to the Black Sea.

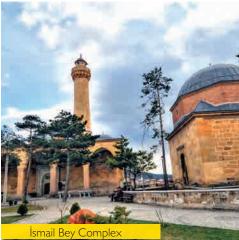
Kastamonu province has been placed on Turkey's North in the Black Sea region and on the 33-34 degrees East longtitudes and 41-42 degrees North latitudes. Black Sea Region composes the province's natural north city limit and Kastamonu has been surrounded with on the east Sinop and Çorum, on the south Çankırı, on the west Karabuk and Bartın provinces. Mountains have generally hold the whip hand to the region's geologic structure.









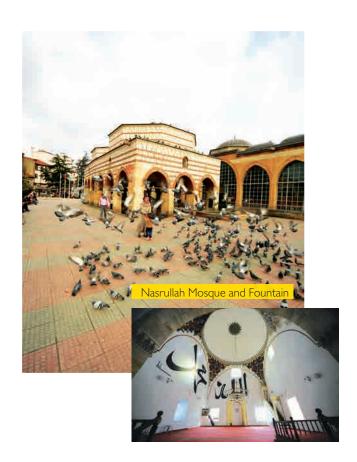


The mountains compose the chief ones that are Ilgaz mountains which have been placed on the south of the province and west-east directioned and Kure mountains which have been placed on the north of the city center that have been ranged in parallel with to the sea.

With a surface area of 13.108 square km, Kastamonu has 170 km coast to the Black Sea. 65 percent of its land are consisted of mountains. According to the census of 2014 ADNKS, Kastamonu's population in city center is 137.391 and total population is 368.907.

Kastamonu has 20 municipalities including the city center and 1071 villages. Kastamonu, which takes second place in terms of number of villages in Turkey, also has 2558 settlement belong to these villages.

When we look at the dispersion of the geological formation in Kastamonu, we see that 76 percent of Kastamonu is forest, 21 percent is plateau and 3 percent is plain. In this geographic formation, forests cover 65 percent of the area and agricultural lands cover 30 percent of the area.



period, Pompeipolis had been the city assembly of the union council, from after christ 150 to after christ 300 it had been the metropolis namely the capital.

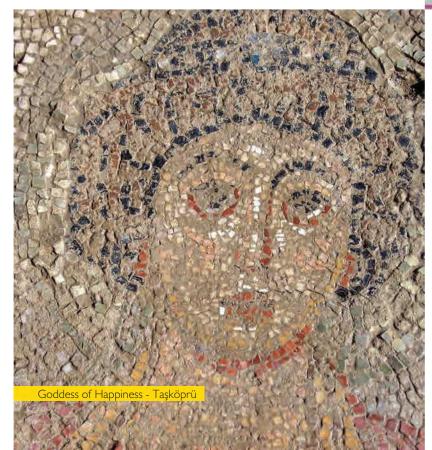
It has been came across the name of Kastamonu for the first time on the written sources on the II. century as "Castamon". Anno Domini II-I2.century, the city has been appeared out on the Byzantium sources and then belonging to Kommenos' which have been one of the dynasty of Byzantium Empire, as a fortified residental. In 1084 although the city has passed into the hands of the Turks which had been commanded on Emir Karategin, then the city had been changed hands between the Turks and Byzantines.

In 1211-1212, it had been strictly on the hands of the Turks, who is Emir Hüsameddin Çoban Bey depending on the Anatolian Seljuk state, it had been the place of establishment of Çobanoğulları lordship, in 1309 it had passed the sovereignty of Candaroğulları lordship by I. Süleyman Pasha. As for in 1461, Kastamonu had been made an important starboard by adding this city to the Ottoman Empire by Fatih Sultan Mehmet.

It has been seen that Kastamonu has got an uninterrupted chronology from Paleotik term to extant after the results of the archeological excavations and surveys. Kastamonu and its near area have began to emerge to the day from the period called as Bronze Age before Christ 2. It has been seen that on Anatolia, Kastamonu and its area have been the societies on which the Pala and Tummana people have been living on the period of before christ. After this date, Kastamonu entered the command of in turn Frig, Lidya, Pers, Helen, Pontus and Rome chronologically.

On the Antique Age this area had been called as Paphlagonia and in the work of The Illiad on which the Troya war has been narrated, this area has been an honoured community.

Kastamonu and its near area, had completely passed under the sovereignty of Rome by the Roman General Pompeus Magnus on before christ 64. On this





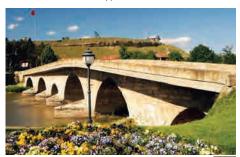
During Ottoman Empire period, as wide sanjak of empire, Kastamonu, with Samsun on its Eastern border, İzmit to the West, Kalecik to the South and its natural border Black Sea to the North continued to be a central province till the Republic.

With the declaration of Republic and new changes, Kastamonu has transferred to the Republic with twelve districts as this province.





Rock Tombs M.Ö. 7. yy



Taşköprü





Independence Medal given to Bargees Guild.

During the National Struggle and its before foremost Çanakkale and then astamonu's supports to the national salvation by giving the most numbered martiries in the different wars are very important.

Şerife sisters, the sergant Halimes, the grandmother Necibe, who drove the oxcart columns in İnebolu-Ankara logistics line (that was an important factor in winning the IndependenceWar) and as well as those, who organized the first women meeting of Anatolia on 10th December 1919 and many more, are the monumental names of Kastamonu in the Independence War.

It was first in Turkey that The White-Ribbon Independence Medal was given to Inebolu Bargees Guild by Grand National Assembly of Turkey in 9th April 1924 because of their benefits for the Independence War.

Because of the benefits of Kastamonu people, which started during Çanakkale Wars and continued till the years of National Struggle, Mustafa Kemal Atatürk honoured Kastamonu with "Hat and Dress Revolution" on 23 August 1925.



Studies which have been conducted so far in Kastamonu have been registered as 1931 immovable cultural property. 1433 example of civil architecture, 352 pieces of culturalreligious buildings, 7 units of military, 27 units of administrative building and 5 units of natural sites. As well as these, there are 71 units of site area in the city totally. 61 of them are archeological, 5 of them are central, 5 of them are natural sites.

At the heart of the city there are 600 registered building units. About 400 of these structures consist civil architectural works which have been aged over a century. In Kastamonu which holds the majority of housing stock in a registered civil architecture of the Black Sea Region, Inebolu, Taşköprü and Tosya districts come as the most populated centers after Kastamonu.





Atatürk's visit to Kastamonu

## Kastamonu Mansions

Because of the different factors in Kastamonu's geographical situation, civil architectural elements present a variety of construction techniques and design which are suitable for its geograpy.

Especially the most important features of the mansions, which are located in the city centre, are aesthetical mind and various architectural designs on the frontage of each construction. It means that there isn't a certain "Kastamonu Mansion" but there are 400 different architectural constructions of Kastamonu.

Another important difference of Kastamonu mansions is that the first floor of the threestoried Kastamonu mansions is not as quiet as the mansions in other cities. It is the floor where daily life starts. Second floors are the common area of the family and third floors are the special place for the guests of the house.

On structures of civil architecture, it is seen on the mansions of Kastamonu that there was a thought to use the area in the best conditions, not to hinder the sun, shadow and view of the neighbour.











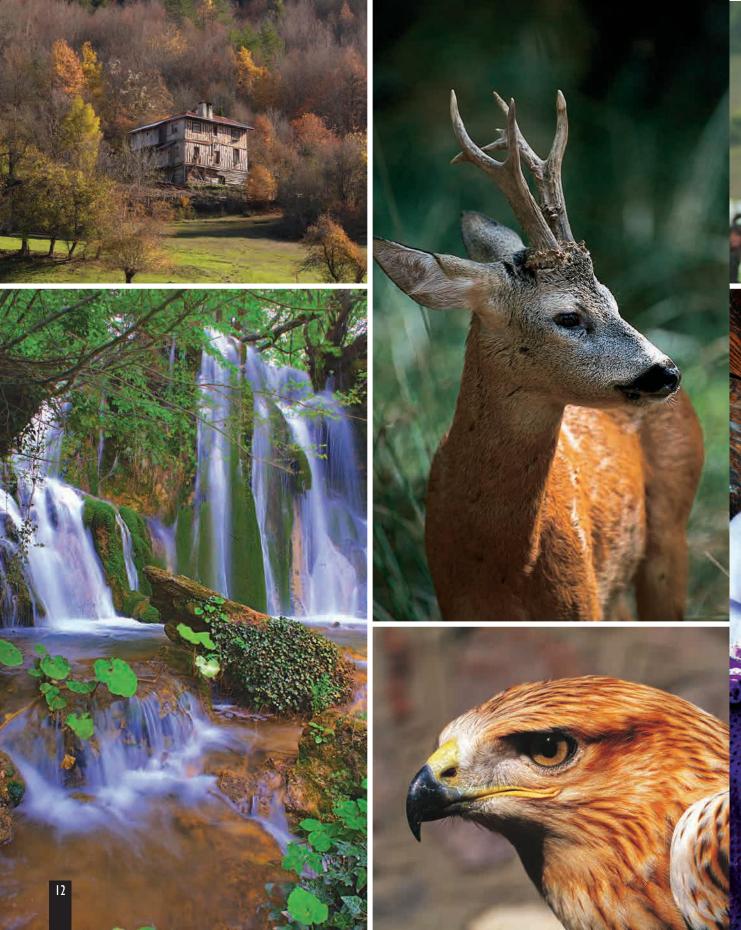
## İnebolu Evleri

Inebolu coastal residents take place with the originality of the variety of the geography of Kastamonu at samples at the beginning of attracting abundance and diversity of residential housing in the coastal İnebolu.

Inebolu homes which are forming the shape of the main building of the coast, have been built on the steep hillsides and 3 or 4 storey wooden buildings. The vast majority of the houses in Inebolu are painted ocher and red-burgundy pupils. These dyes have been removed from the village of Vaccine. The feature of protection is increased by adding flox oil also for the protection of the paint. In other parts of the coast, houses often left to the natural color of the wood with linseed oil which has strengthened the homes against external factors. Tile roofs of the houses in lieu of 4 side slopes and indigenous Marla (slate) is covered with stones.























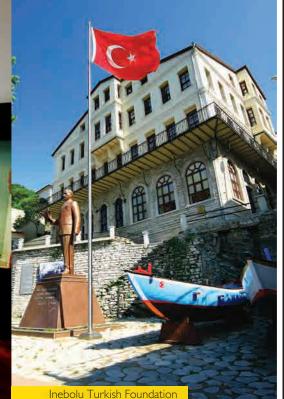






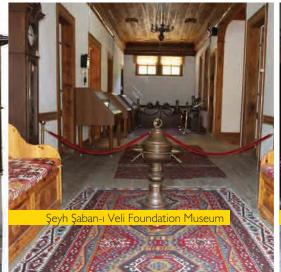






Kastamonu has collected many potentials with its tourism kinds which have been identified for its geographical and historical positions. It has been carrying Kastamonu on the area of "Cultural Tourism" to an important point and on the cultural histories which have been taking roots to the depths of the history of this province, Kastamonu has been hosting many civilizations. Kastamonu is a totally outdoor museum which have been carrying the deep signs of the history from the Periods before the date to the ancient times, from Byzantium to the principalities, from the Ottoman Empire to the Republic.

On the cultural tourism, the museums in Kastamonu take an important place, too. In the city center, there are museums and cultural centers such as Archeology Museum, Ethnography Museum, City History's Museum, Architect Vedat Tek's Cultural and Art Republic Museum, Şeyh Şaban-ı Veli Foundation-Museum, in Inebolu Turkish Foundation Cultural Center, in Cide Rıfat Ilgaz Cultural House.

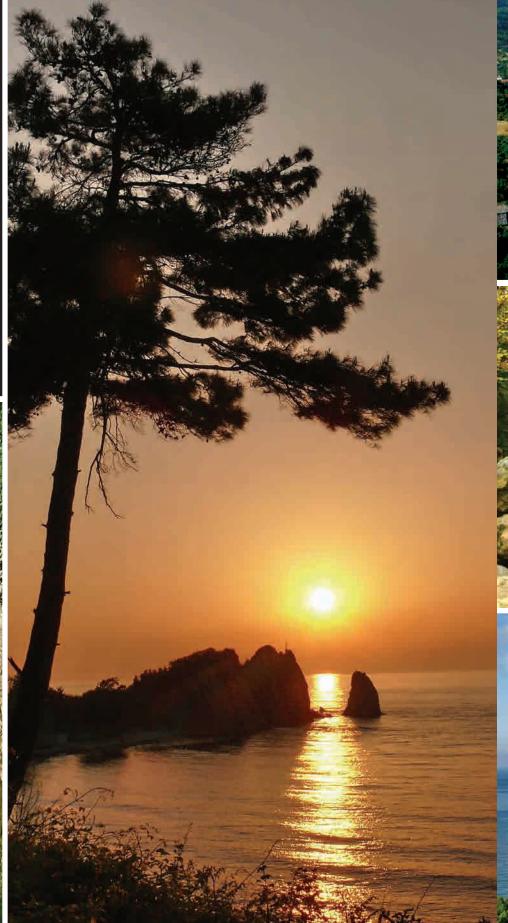




On the other hands, its beach to the Black Sea 170 km which has protected its natural structure, Kastamonu does the honors many alternative tourism kinds such as BeliefTourism, Cultural Tourism, Echo and Outdoor Tourisms, Sea Tourism, Plateau Tourism, Winter Tourism, Sports Tourism and Gastronomi Tourisms on a rift valleyed geography by the rivers.

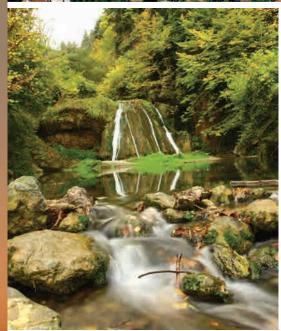
Because of its geological structure, it has got many wonderful geological formations such as Ilica Waterfall, Uzungöl Waterfall, Ilgarini Cave, Ejder Cave, Dağlı Dollin, Valla, Çatak, Horma Canyons.





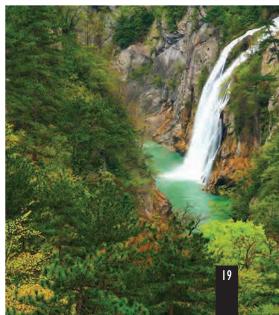












Approximately 13 thousand square meters, 60 percent of the area covered with forests in Kastamonu, with a wealth of endemic flora and fauna diversity is high in the search for alternative answers or nature lovers.

Kastamonu, also houses two national parks multiple. One of them is the winter sports center of Kastamonu, Ilgaz Mountain National Park. In 1976, which was declared a national park area, is available with many tourist facilities. Other national park is Küre Mountain National Park. One of the 100 important point in the world for the protection, this park also has been a national park in 2000.

Kastamonu is a very rich cuisine in the field of Gastronomy, there are 812 kinds of food. Local food houses in which local foods have been made and served are also re-animated in many historical buildings. In addition, many products made from organic agriculture grows due to the geography of Kastamonu province also serves breakfast and dinner farms.

Kastamonu, briefly, is a unique place to experience the most natural and simple form with nature, culture, faith and beauty, to discover a sense of adventurers who want to live in a city kitty kept.



















## Way to Independence

Governor of Kastamonu, Turkey's longest and the third project initiated by way of the independence, created hiking track.

The only window to the outside world during the National Struggle in Anatolia remained Inebolu. In terms of support and assistance from outside the occupation of many places İnebolu Ankara has made an important line. At this point, the logistics line generated from İstanbul to Ankara İnebolu kidnapped, purchased from Russia, ammunition, logistics, materials, and many people will participate in the National Struggle, thought the man was referred to in this way to Ankara, and Anatolia. The importance of this line is very effective in winning the war, Mustafa Kemal Ataturk's "My eyes are in front, my ears are in Inebolu" mentioned in the states.

His work with the spirit of independence with the Governor of Kastamonu on this road has restored many historical structures, new functionality has given way to adorn their statues and monuments, has made reconstructions. Apart from this path is marked with the international marking system and 95 km of hiking trails have been created in the magnificent nature. Independent route communities, such as hiking, walking and camping can do each year of Independence Path walks are also held in Kastamonu Governorship.









### One Week Tour Plan In Kastamonu

- Pay 1 First day program can mainly be done with the cultural tourism activities in the city center. Within the context of the program, visiting Independence Square, Kastamonu Government Office and the city history museum and from here going to Clock Tower, after looking the city's view from there, visiting city center and Münire Theology School crafts bazaar, Yılanlı Darüşşifa, Khans and Liva Paşa Ethnography Museum. After the lunch has been eaten in one of the regional food house, Archeology Museum, Castle, Şheikh Şaban-ı Veli Complex and Founation Museum, Hand-woven exhibition center, rock-cut tombs, Architect Vedat Tek Culture and Art Center and Museum of Republic can be visited and then İsmail Bey Complex and Crafts Bazaar, Handicrafts Exhibition Center, in which hand-covered wood and weaving and rug works can be seen and bought; so the first day program can be finished.
- Day 2 Second day program is a program which will be done to Küre Mountains and Kastamonu coastal strip center. By taking the road early in the morning, visiting Küre Ecevit Khan which on the way of İndependence. Taking breakfast and Ecevit soup in intense forest in here or with view of Ersizlerdere Canyon. Departuring to İnebolu after visiting Akşemseddin Mosque and other historical monuments in Küre district. And in here, visiting İnebolu Türk Ocağı Building, Nezihe Battal Culture House and between red vaccine painted İnebolu Houses. After resting under 6 age old oak tree, visiting Hacı Veli location and then will be gone to Çatalzeytin. Here after visiting Ginolu Castle and beach, passing the shadow of Yaralıgöz Mountains, which is the highest point of Küre Mountains, then returning to Kastamonu.
- Days
  On the third and fourth days, there is a trip to Kastamonu's outdoor sports center which are the hearts of Küre Mountains. At route, there are Azdavay and Pınarbaşı. In Azdavay, Azdavay Waterfall, Çatak Canyon and Yanık Ali Mansion are the places which must be certainly seen. On the route when you reach Pınarbaşı, Paşa Mansion, Ilgarini Inn, Valla Canyon, Ilıca Waterfall, Horma Canyon can be seen.
- Day 5 Today's program can be done to two big districts of Kastamonu and to their vast dates. At first, going Taşköprü district; Pompeipolis ancient city, excavation site store museum can be visited. After visiting firstly Stone Bridge which gives its name to district and belongs to Beylikler period, Government Office, Municipality Building, bazaar which in urban conversation area; lunch can be eaten with that local food "Biryan Kebap". From here taken the road to the slopes of Tosya Ilgaz Mountain and arrived Tosya. After visiting historic bazaar, streets which are ornated with distingusihed structures of civil architecture; vast paddy fields and villages which with indigenous "Bağ Evleri", are can be visited.
- Again to Cide coast can be gone by passing Ağlı and Şenpazar. After visiting Ağlı Castle and resudues in there with fresh air of Ağlı, the fields of natural snowdrops according to the season in Şenpazar where in difficult construction of Küre Mountains, can be visited and in any case Dağlı Kulyucu, which is the largest Doline of the Black Sea Region, can be visited. After the visiting in here endless coast and cultural center, which is the house of Rıfat Ilgaz, can be seen in Cide and then going natural wonder Gideros Bay. In here, day program is terminated watching wonderful colors of sunset.
- There is an oxygen tour in Daday and Araç on the last day of the week. Priority direction is Daday which is 33 km away from Kastamonu. Existing off to Daday, the first stop is Kasaba Village Mahmut Bey Mosque which is on the road of Daday. This enormous mosque and its surrounding, which is belonging to year of 1366 and completely wood and all of the surfaces of its painted with madder, can be visited. Moving out of here, Daday district, which has a quiet and regular life, historical places like Government Office, Köpekçioğlu Mansion can be visited and then lunch is eaten with that local food "Etli Ekmek" (bread with meat). Then oxygen-rich Ballıdağ which is hosting one of the first Turkey's Sanatorium, can be visited and then entering the road of Araç. After visiting places like castle and Government Office in district, 21 tableland, which have a height of 1600 m and continuing consecutively can be visited.









## Accommoditions in Kastamonu

Tourism Certified Accomodations					
_1	Ilgaz Mountain Resort	Merkez	4 Yıldızlı	0366 239 10 40	
2	Mütevelli Otel	Merkez	3 Yıldızlı	0366 212 20 19	
3	Moni Otel	Merkez	3 Yıldızlı	0366 222 24 00-01	
4	Rugancı Otel	Merkez	1 Yıldızlı	0366 214 95 00	
5	Sinanbey Konağı	Merkez	Özel Tesis	0366 212 62 10	
6	Uğurlu Konakları	Merkez	Özel Tesis	0366 212 82 02-04	
7	Kurşunluhan Otel	Merkez	Özel Tesis	0366 214 27 37	
8	Şadıbey Çiftliği	Merkez	Özel Tesis	0366 252 88 88	
9	Osmanlı Sarayı Ottoman Palace Otel	Merkez	Özel Tesis	0366 214 84 08	
10	Tatilya Resort Otel	Abana	3 Yıldızlı	0366 564 19 19	
11	Ergün Otel	Taşköprü	3 Yıldızlı	0366 417 50 01	
12	Doğramacı Otel	Tosya	3 Yıldızlı	0366 313 22 22	
13	Sarımeşe Otel	Pınarbaşı	2 Yıldızlı	0366 771 37 57	
14	İKSİR RESORT TOWN	DADAY	ÖZEL TESİS	0366 616 10 16	
15	BARIŞ ATLI TURİZM MERKEZİ	DADAY	PANSİYON	0366 621 42 18	
16	IONOPOLIS ŞAHİN TEPESI	İNEBOLU	PANSİYON	0366 811 44 22	

#### **Local Government Certied Accomodations**

	Local dovernment certific	a riccomodacion	
1	SERENDER PARK OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 212 89 12-24
2	SELVÍ OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 214 18 31
3	HİSAR OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 220 00 10
4	İDRİSOĞLU OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 214 17 57
5	KAYI OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 212 94 00
6	AMORİUM PARK HOTEL	MERKEZ	0366 220 09 09
7	DOĞANIŞIK OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 212 30 00
8	HUZUR OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 212 49 04
9	OTEL ETAP ALTINEL	MERKEZ	0366 239 10 10
10	KAYGUSUZ OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 212 55 67
11	KADIOĞLU KONAĞI	MERKEZ	0366 212 12 14
12	HAFIZ BEY KONAĞI	MERKEZ	0366 222 22 11
13	GÜMÜŞ PALAS	MERKEZ	0366 214 15 50
14	ILGAZ OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 214 94 94
15	GÜN OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 222 22 20
16	ERGÜN OTEL	MERKEZ	0366 212 00 96
17	ELÎTE OTEL	ABANA	0366 564 24 43
18	ALESTA TATIL SITESI	ABANA	0366 564 23 00

19	GÜNBATIMI TATİL KÖYÜ	ABANA	0366 564 21 36
20	SARAÇOĞLU OTEL	ABANA	0366 564 26 75
21	ABANA AĞAÇ MOTEL	ABANA	0366 564 22 00
22	SAHİL PANSİYON	ABANA	0551 218 22 35 0366 564 15 41
23	ÜMİT PANSİYON	ABANA	0366 564 11 07
			0366 362 22 71
24	GÜVEN OTEL	ARAÇ	10 43
25	ELIK OTEL	ARAÇ	0366 362 21 48
26	KAVASOĞLU KONAKLARI	ARAÇ	0366 362 24 52
27	ESKA PANSİYON	ARAÇ	0366 362 41 00 0505 678 53 99
28	SARIOĞLU PANSİYON	ARAÇ	0366 362 31 31 0544 651 10 97
29	EVİM PANSİYON	ARAÇ	0505 350 92 34
30	İNEBOLU KARDELEN EĞ. LTD.ŞTİ.	ARAÇ	0551 552 16 14
31	YUVAM PANSİYON	ARAÇ	0542 708 35 09
32	BELEK SOSYAL TESISLERİ	AZDAVAY	0366 717 11 87
33	YALÇIN OTEL	AZDAVAY	0366 717 24 44
34	YANIK ALİ KONAĞI	AZDAVAY	0366 717 10 34
35	ZÜMRÜT KÖYÜ	AZDAVAY	0543 242 65 32
36	KONAK OTEL	BOZKURT	0366 585 52 05
37	BERRUNİL OTEL	BOZKURT	0366 585 53 64
38	RÜYAM OTEL	BOZKURT	0366 575 26 96
39	SALCIOĞLU OTEL	CİDE	0366 866 20 52
40	SALAPURYA OTEL	CİDE	0366 866 18 13
41	BAYRAM YUSUF ASLAN TURİZM UYGULAMA OTELİ CİDE UYGULAMA OTELİ	CİDE	0366 866 35 25
42	CİDE KONUK EVİ (K.Ü. UYGULAMA OTELİ)	CİDE	0366 866 25 59
43	YALI OTEL	CİDE	0366 866 20 87
44	İZGİ PANSİYON	CİDE	0366 866 18 94 0536 571 42 67
45	GÜNDOĞDU PANSİYON	CİDE	0366 871 83 05
46	A.E.G. PANSİYON	CİDE	0366 871 81 96 0542 627 59 37
47	KAPTAN AİLE PANSİYONU	CİDE	0366 866 36 58 0536 354 08 51
48	İLYADA PANSİYON	CİDE	0366 871 85 07
49	BAKCAKLAR PANSİYON	CİDE	0535 848 88 86
50	DEVREKÂNÎ ALTINBAŞAK PANSİYON	CİDE	0544 969 15 66









51	KILIÇ PANSİYON	CİDE	0366 871 80 16
52	GÜVEN KASAP PANSİYON	CİDE	0542 384 89 66
53	KERİMOĞLU VİLLA PANSİYON	CİDE	0532 294 21 79
54	ARSLAN PANSİYON	CİDE	0542 636 31 15
55	SAHİL PANSİYON	CİDE	0532 237 45 91
56	IŞIK AİLE PANSİYONU	CİDE	0543 513 29 65
57	HUZUR APART PANSİYON	CİDE	0530 542 58 34
58	YALI OTEL	ÇATALZEYTİN	0366 516 18 86
59	BELEDİYE APART OTEL	ÇATALZEYTİN	0366 516 10 37
60	SABIR PANSİYON	ÇATALZEYTİN	0366 516 14 62
61	RENÇBER PANSİYON	ÇATALZEYTİN	0366 516 18 87
62	TIĞLI PANSİYON	ÇATALZEYTİN	0366 516 22 75
63	ÇÖMLEKÇİLER ATLI TURİZM	DADAY	0366 616 10 97
64	EMİRBEY ATLI TURİZM	DADAY	0366 621 41 50
65	BELEDİYE OTEL İŞLETMESİ	DEVREKÂNÎ	0366 638 21 98-9
66	İHSANGAZİ BELEDİYE MİSAFİRHANESİ	İHSANGAZİ	0366 392 16 49
67	IONOPOLI OTEL	İNEBOLU	0366 811 40 10
68	YAKAMOZ TATİL KÖYÜ (İNEBOLU TEKSTİL A.Ş)	İNEBOLU	0366 811 31 00
69	KIYIPARK DİNLENME TESİSİ	İNEBOLU	0366 811 36 36
70	İSTİKLAL OTEL	İNEBOLU	0366 811 29 29
71	GÖKÇEN PANSİYON	İNEBOLU	0366 811 47 49 0543 571 88 44
72	İNEBOLU ŞAHİN TEPESİ PANSİYON	İNEBOLU	0366 811 44 22 0532 446 76 23
73	ECEVÎT HANI	KÜRE	0366 756 10 77
74	ÖZÇELİK PANSİYON	KÜRE	0366 751 20 57
75	PAŞA KONAĞI	PINARBAŞI	0366 771 33 75
76	PINAR OBA TESİSLERİ	PINARBAŞI	0366 771 28 31
77	PARK ILICA	PINARBAŞI	0366 771 23 57
78	BALCIOĞLU OTEL	TAŞKÖPRÜ	0366 417 20 16
79	BATUR OTEL	TAŞKÖPRÜ	0366 417 11 18
80	ELEKDAĞI KAPTAN KONAK	TAŞKÖPRÜ	0366 445 11 01
81	HOTEL EKMEKÇİLER	TOSYA	0366 313 17 96
82	HOTEL DÖĞÜCÜ	TOSYA	0366 313 44 98
83	HOTEL HAKAN	TOSYA	0366 313 77 67
84	DİPSİZGÖL OTEL	TOSYA	0366 314 14 44
85	ELİT APART PANSİYON	TOSYA	0366 313 43 02 0506 559 30 37
86	VEFA APART OTEL PANSİYON	TOSYA	0366 313 60 63

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1	Şerife Bacı Öğretmenevi	Merkez	0366 214 64 40
2	Kara Yolları 15. Bölge Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 215 23 35
3	D.s.i. 23. Bölge Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 214 13 14
4	İl Özel İdare Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 214 06 51
5	Polis Evi	Merkez	0366 212 81 67
6	Orman İşletme Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 214 60 26
7	Gıda Tarım Ve Hayvancılık Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 212 86 89
8	Şeker Fabrikası Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 242 73 11
9	T. Gübre ve Su Kayn. Mrkz Araştırma Enst. Müd. Misafirhanesi	llgaz	0366 239 10 55
10	A.ü. Örsem Tesisleri	llgaz	0366 293 10 61
11	Tsk Kış Eğitim Merkezi Komutanlığı	llgaz	0366 239 10 78
12	Türkiye Kayak Federasyonu Ilgaz Dağı Tesisleri	llgaz	0366 239 10 03
13	llgaz Jandarma Kış Eğitim Merkezi Komutanlığı	llgaz	0366 239 10 01
14	Araç Öğretmenevi	Araç	0366 362 13 64
15	Daday Öğretmenevi	Daday	0366 616 20 22
16	İnebolu Öğretmenevi	İnebolu	0366 811 32 60
17	Pınarbaşı Öğretmenevi	Pınarbaşı	0366 771 29 55
18	Şehit Şerife Bacı Kültür Evi	Seydiler	0366 668 48 77
19	Şe <mark>npazar Beled</mark> iyesi Kü <mark>ltür Evi</mark>	Şenpazar	0366 788 14 13
20	Taşköprü Öğretmenevi	Taşköprü	0366 417 16 32
21	Tosya Öğretmenevi	Tosya	0366 313 10 54

#### Facilities in Eco-tourism Areas

1.	Şadı Bey Çiftliği	Merkez	0366 252 88 88 - 88 26
2.	Emirbey Atlı Turizm	Merkez	0366 621 41 50
3.	Yanık Ali Konağı	Azdavay	0366 717 10 34
4.	Zümrüt Köyü	Azdavay	0543 242 65 32
5.	Çömlekçiler Atlı Turizm	Daday	0366 616 10 97
6.	Barış Atlı Turizm Merkezi	Daday	0366 621 42 18
7.	Ecevit Hanı	Küre	0366 756 10 77
8.	Park Ilica	Pınarbaşı	0366 771 23 57
9.	Paşa Konağı	Pınarbaşı	0366 771 33 75
10.	Pınar Oba Tesisleri	Pınarbaşı	0366 771 28 31
11.	Elekdağı Kaptan Konak	Taşköprü	0366 445 11 01
12.	Dipsiz Göl Otel	Tosya	0366 314 14 44







Taşköprü Öğretmenevi

21 Tosya Öğretmenevi



Taşköprü 0366 417 16 32

0366 313 10 54

Tosya





	Restaurant and Social (	Club	
1	Şerife Bacı <mark>Öğretme</mark> nevi	Merkez	0366 214 64 40
2	Kara Yolları 15. Bölge Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 215 23 35
3	D.s.i.23.Bölge Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 214 13 14
4	İl Özel İdare Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 214 06 51
5	Polis Evi	Merkez	0366 212 81 67
6	Orman İşletme Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 214 60 26
7	Gıda Tarım Ve Hayvancılık Müdürlüğü Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 212 86 89
8	Şeker Fabrikası Misafirhanesi	Merkez	0366 242 73 11
9	Toprak Gübre Ve Su Kaynakları Merkez Araştırma Enstitüsü Müd. Misafirhanesi	llgaz	0366 239 10 55
10	A.ü. Örsem Tesisleri	llgaz	0366 239 10 61
11	Tsk Kış Eğitim Merkezi Komutanlığı	llgaz	0366 239 10 78
12	Türkiye Kayak Federasyonu Ilgaz Dağı Tesisleri	llgaz	0366 239 10 03-0
13	llgaz Jandarma Kış Eğitim Merkezi Komutanlığı	llgaz	0366 239 10 01
14	Araç Öğretmenevi	Araç	0366 362 13 64
15	Daday Öğretmenevi	Daday	0366 616 20 22
16	İnebolu Öğretmenevi	İnebolu	0366 811 32 60
17	Pınarbaşı Öğretmenevi	Pınarbaşı	0366 771 29 55
18	Şehit Şerife Bacı Kültür Evi	Seydiler	0366 668 48 77
19	Şenpazar Belediyesi Kültür Evi	Şenpazar	0366 788 14 13

	J	
Kastamonu Turizm Seyahat Acentesi	(A Grubu)	: 0 (366) 220 00 03
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		Taxi			
1.	Lüks Taksi	Merkez	0 (366) 214 25 25		
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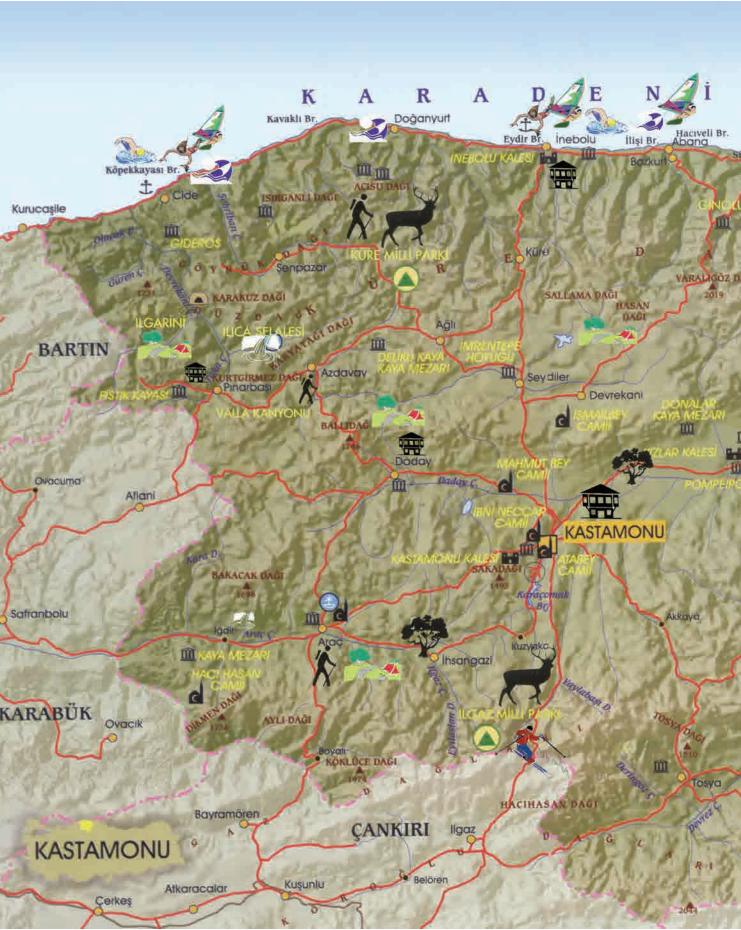
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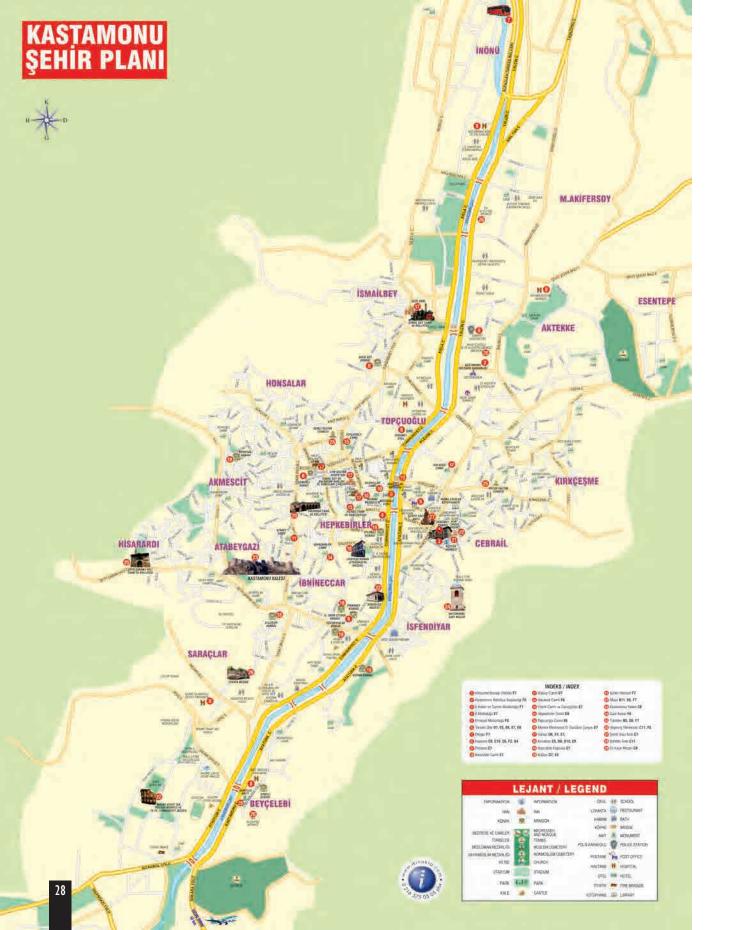
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This Brochure was prepared by Kastamonu Goverborship City History Research and Documentation Center and was printed by Kastamonu Special Provincial Administration.

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Photos:

Cebrail Keleş - Ziver Kaplan - Cemil Belder

Kastamonu Valiliği Kent Tarihi Müzesi Arşivi, İl Kültür ve Turizm Müdürlüğü Arşivi.

Kastamonu Munucipality Archive.

Text:

Murat Karasalihoğlu

Production:

ÖZELLER Medya Tanıtım Matbaacılık

+90 366 214 40 00 - www.ozellermedya.com

















